DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

QUESTION BANK

METROLOGY AND CALIBRATION

UNIT-I

Part- A

- 1. Differentiate between sensitivity and range with suitable example.
- .2. Define system error and correction.,
- 3. Define: Measurand.
- .4. Define: Deterministic Metrology.
- 5. Define over damped and under damped system.
- 6. Give any four methods of measurement
- 7. Give classification of measuring instruments.
- .8. Define True size:
- 9. Define Actual size
- 10. What is Hysteresis
- 11. What is Range of measurement?:
- 13. Define Span:
- 14. What is Resolution:

Part – B

- 1. Draw the block diagram of generalized measurement system and explain different stages with examples.
- 2. Distinguish between Repeatability and reproducibility
- 3. Distinguish between Systematic and random errors
- 4. Distinguish between Static and dynamic response.
- 5. Describe the different types of errors in measurements and the causes.
- 6. List various types of measuring instruments and explain each one of them
- 7. List the various measurement methods and explain

UNIT-II

Part-A

- .1. List the various linear measurements?
- 2 What are the various types of linear measuring instruments?
- 3. List out any four angular measuring instrument used in metrology
- 4. What is comparators?
- 5. Classify the comparator according to the principles used for obtaining magnification.
- 6. How are all mechanical comparator effected?
- . 7. State the best example of a mechanical comparator.
 - 8. Define least count and mention the least count of a mechanical comparator.
 - 9. How the mechanical comparator is used? State with any one example.
- 10. State any four advantages of reed type mechanical comparator.

Part - B

- 1 What is the constructional difference between an autocollimator and an angle dekkor.
- 2. How the displacements are measurement using laser interferometer.
- 3. Explain with the help of neat sketches, the principle and construction of an auto-collimator.
- 4 Explain the working principle of mechanical comparator with a neat sketch.
- 5. Explain the working principle of Electrical comparator with a neat sketch
- 6. Explain the working principle of pneumatic comparator with a neat sketch.
- 7. Explain with the help of neat sketches, the principle and construction of an Angle dekkor.

UNIT-III

Part-A

- 1. Name the various methods for measuring effective diameter.
- 2. Name the various methods for measuring pitch diameter.
- 3. Name the two corrections are to be applied in the measurement of effective diameter.
- 4. What is best size of wire?
- 5. Define. Drunken thread
- 6. What is the effect of flank angle error?
- 7. What are the applications of toolmaker's microscope?
- 8. Define: Periodic error.
- 9. What are the commonly used forms of gear teeth?
- 10. what are the types of gears?

- 11. Define: Module
- 12. Define: Lead angle
- 13 What are the various methods used for measuring the gear tooth thickness?
- 14. Name four gear errors.
- 15. Name the method used for checking the pitch of the gear.

Part-B

- 1. Explain the construction and working of floating carriage micrometer
- 2. How are the major and minor diameters of thread measured.
- 3. Define various terminologies related with screw thread
- 4. Define various terminologies related with screw gears
- 5. Explain any two taper measurements method.
- 6. Explain the construction and working of Gear tooth vernier
- 7. Explain a method used in the measurement of surface finish and flatness

UNIT-IV

Part-A

- 1. Name the different types of interferometer?
- 2. Name the common source of light used for interferometer
- 3. What is crest and trough?
- 4. What is wavelength?
- 5. What is meant by alignment test on machine tools?
- 6. List the various geometrical checks made on machine tools.
- 7. Distinguish between geometrical test and practical test on a machine tool.
- .8. What are the main spindle errors?
- 9. Write the various tests conducted on any machine tools
- 10. Why the laser is used in alignment testing?
- 11. Classify the machine tool test.
- 12. What are the different types of geometrical tests conducted on machine tools?
- 13. What is CMM?

Part - B

- 1. Explain the interferometric measurement of angle
- 2. Briefly explain Computer Aided inspection and Digital devices
- 3. Explain the working of Laser Interferometer
- 4. Explain Different types of CMM
- 5. Explain the constructional features and application of CMM.
- 6. Explain how profiles are checked using laser viewers
- 7. Explain the laser telemetric system with a suitable diagram
- 8. Elaborate on the topic of geometrical tolerance